

# A look at

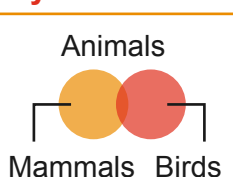
# Machine learning evolution

## Overview

For decades, individual “tribes” of artificial intelligence researchers have vied with one another for dominance. Is the time ripe now for tribes to collaborate? They may be forced to, as collaboration and algorithm blending are the only ways to reach true artificial general intelligence (AGI). Here’s a look back at how machine learning methods have evolved and what the future may look like.

## What are the five tribes?

### Symbolists



Use symbols, rules, and logic to represent knowledge and draw logical inference

**Favored algorithm**  
Rules and decision trees

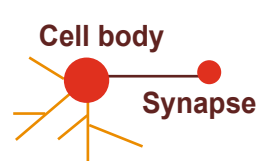
### Bayesians



Assess the likelihood of occurrence for probabilistic inference

**Favored algorithm**  
Naive Bayes or Markov

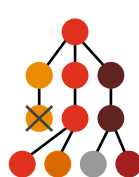
### Connectionists



Recognize and generalize patterns dynamically with matrices of probabilistic, weighted neurons

**Favored algorithm**  
Neural networks

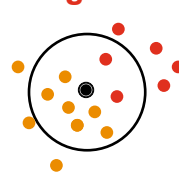
### Evolutionaries



Generate variations and then assess the fitness of each for a given purpose

**Favored algorithm**  
Genetic programs

### Analogizers



Optimize a function in light of constraints (“going as high as you can while staying on the road”)

**Favored algorithm**  
Support vectors

Source: Pedro Domingos, *The Master Algorithm*, 2015

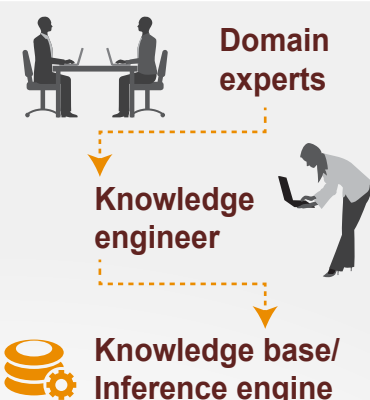
## Phases of evolution

### 1980s

**Predominant tribe**  
Symbolists

**Architecture**  
Server or mainframe

**Predominant theory**  
Knowledge engineering



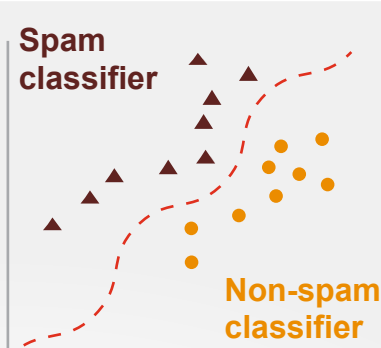
**Basic decision logic:**  
Decision support systems with limited utility

### 1990s to 2000

**Predominant tribe**  
Bayesians

**Architecture**  
Small server clusters

**Predominant theory**  
Probability theory



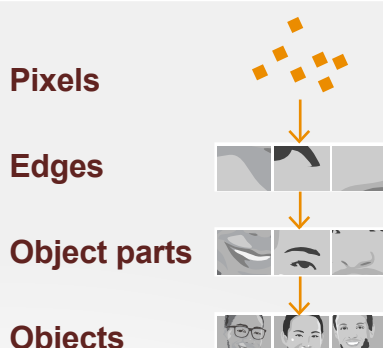
**Classification:**  
Scalable comparison and contrast that’s good enough for many purposes

### Early to mid-2010s

**Predominant tribe**  
Connectionists

**Architecture**  
Large server farms (the cloud)

**Predominant theory**  
Neuroscience and probability



**Recognition:**  
More precise image and voice recognition, translation, sentiment analysis, etc.

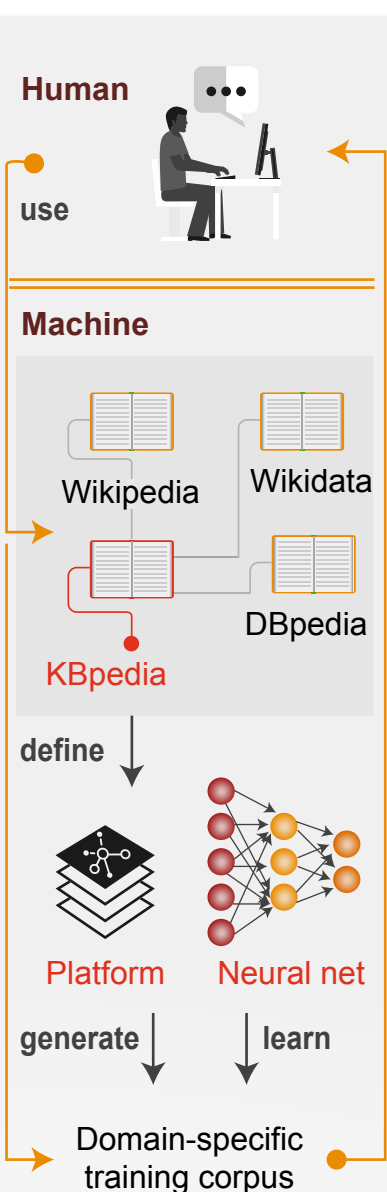
## The tribes see fit to collaborate and blend their methods

### Late 2010s

**Predominant tribe**  
Connectionists + Symbolists

**Architecture**  
Multiple clouds

**Predominant theory**  
Memory neural networks, large-scale integration, and reasoning over knowledge



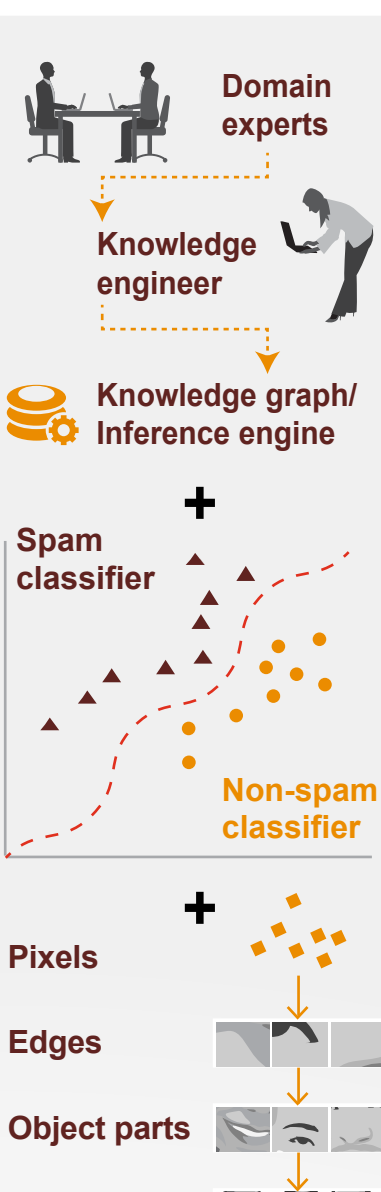
**Simple question answering:**  
Narrow, domain-specific knowledge sharing

### 2020s+

**Predominant tribe**  
Connectionists + Symbolists + Bayesians + ...

**Architecture**  
Clouds and fog

**Predominant theory**  
Networks when sensing, but rules when reasoning and acting



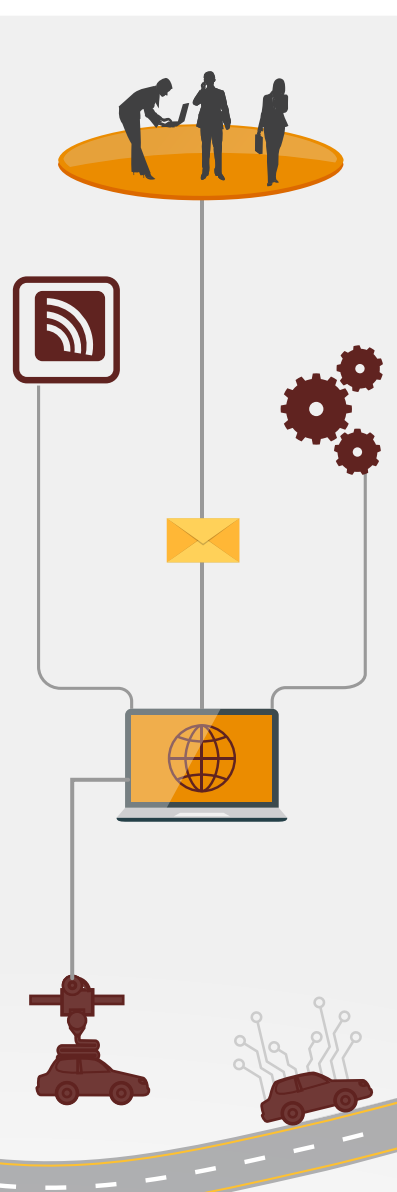
**Simple sensing, reasoning, and actions:** Bounded autonomy or human-machine interaction

### 2040s+

**Predominant tribe**  
Algorithmic convergence

**Architecture**  
Server ubiquity

**Predominant theory**  
Best-of-breed meta-learning



**Sensing and responding:**  
Act or answer based on knowledge or experience gained through various kinds of learning

Source: PwC, 2016

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